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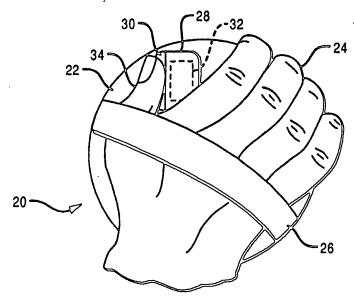
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(54) Hand-held bar code reader.

(20) A portable hand-held optical scanner (20) comprises a disk-shaped housing (28) which fits within the palm of the hand of a checkout operator, which scanner (20) includes a scanning mechanism for generating a scanning pattern for scanning coded indicia, a strap member (26) for securing the hand of

the operator to the housing, a switch (30) mounted on the rear surface of the housing (28) adjacent the fingers of the operator for easy operation by the operator, a data processor (64) and a transmitter (62) for transmitting the data read by the scanner to a remote pickup.

FIG. 1



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This invention relates to hand-held optical bar code readers.

Present checkout systems found in retail or supermarket stores include a point-of-sale terminal positioned adjacent a checkout counter which includes an optical scanning device for scanning a bar code pattern on a label attached to a purchased merchandise item. The scanning device generates signals representing the coded data on the label which are used to generate the price of the purchased item. In some checkout systems, a hand-held bar code reader has been utilized where the purchased merchandise items can be easily handled by the checkout operator so as to position. the reader adjacent the bar code label on the purchased merchandise item. To effectively scan a bar code label, prior hand-held bar code readers have required that the operator align the scanning head of the bar code reader with the bar code label. This has required the operator to be particularly attentive to the location of the scanning head of the bar code reader with respect to the coded label.

It is an object of the present invention to provide a hand-held optical bar code reader which enables easy alignment of the scanning head of the reader to bar code indicia being read.

Therefore, according to the present invention, there is provided a hand-held optical scanner for reading coded symbols, characterized by: a diskshaped housing member whose configuration enables the housing member to be positioned within the palm of the hand of an operator: light projecting means mounted within the housing member for projecting scanning light beams at coded symbols positioned adjacent the housing member; securing means secured to the housing member for securing the housing member to the hand of the operator; and switch means mounted on an outside surface of the housing member adjacent the hand of the operator when the hand is engaged by said securing means for enabling the optical scanner to be operated when actuated.

A further advantage of a hand held optical scanner according to the invention is that it is of compact construction.

One embodiment of the present invention will now be described by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Fig. 1 is a reduced perspective view of the optical bar code reader of the present invention when positioned in the palm of the hand of the checkout operator showing the strap member which secures the bar code reader to the hand of the checkout operator and the trigger mecha-

nism operated by the thumb of the checkout operator for energizing the bar code reader;

Fig. 2 is a side view of the optical bar code reader of the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a reduced rear view of the optical bar code reader of the present invention;

Fig. 4 is a sectional side view of the optical bar code reader of the present invention taken on line 4-4 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 5 is a reduced front view of the optical bar code reader of the present invention;

Fig. 6 is a reduced front view of the optical bar code reader of the present invention with the composite lens member removed showing the location of the loudspeaker, various operating elements of the reader, the laser diode and the photodetector; and

Fig. 7 is a block diagram of the data processing system of the present invention.

Referring now to Fig. 1, there is shown a reduced perspective view of the optical bar code reader of the present invention generally indicated by the numeral 20 and comprising a disk-shaped casing or housing member 22 having a diameter which is small enough to be placed within the palm of a checkout operator's hand 24 and held there by means of a strap member 26 secured to the housing member 22. The strap member 26 may be fabricated of a velcro material enabling the hand 24 of the checkout operator to be easily released from engagement with the housing member 22. Extending from the outer surface of the housing member 22 is a housing extension portion 28 including a depressible switch member 30 for energizing the operating elements of the bar code reader. Located within the housing portion 28 is a battery 32 which powers the various operating elements of the bar code reader. As shown in Fig. 1, the housing portion 28 is located along the edge of the housing member 22 and positioned to be comfortably engaged by the thumb 34 of the operator for operating the switch member 30.

Referring now to Fig. 2, there is shown a side view of the bar code reader 20 showing the general arrangement of the operating elements of the reader. The housing member 22, which may be constructed of any type of plastic material such as polycarbonate, has a recessed portion 36 which is enclosed by a glass face member 38 on which is mounted a composite lens member 40. The lens member 40 comprises a pair of internal reflecting mirror portions 42 and 44, a collection mirror portion 46, a collimator lens portion 48 and a focusing diode member 50.

Mounted on the central axis of the housing

member 22 is a rotary motor drive member 52 which rotates a hollow armature drive member 54 including a commutator 55. Mounted within the drive member 54 is a deflecting mirror member 56 orientated at any angle to the spin axis of the drive member 52 such as 45 degrees. Mounted within the housing member 22 and adjacent the motor drive member 52 is a laser diode 58 member which generates a laser light beam for transmission to the composite lens member 40. Also positioned adjacent the motor drive member 52 is a photodetector member 60 which receives the deflected light beams from the collection mirror portion 46 of the lens member 40 and generates electrical signals in accordance with the intensity of the light beams received. Also mounted within the housing member adjacent the motor drive member 52 are operating elements of the bar code reader 20 which housing member includes a transmitter member 62 (Figs. 2, 4, 6 and 7) for transmitting signals generated by the photodetector member 60 and a microprocessor member 64 (Figs. 6 and 7) for decoding the signals read by the photodetector member and for controlling the operation of the various elements of the bar code reader. Mounted around the inside periphery of the recessed portion 36 are a plurality of pattern forming mirror members 66 (Figs. 2, 4 and 5) which are mounted offset to each other which reflect and project the light beams received from the deflecting mirror member 56 towards a bar coded label (not shown) on the purchased merchandise item in a manner to be described more fully hereinafter.

Referring now to Fig. 3, there is shown a reduced rear view of the bar code reader 20 of the present invention which includes the housing portion 28 within which is mounted the depressible switch member 30 and the battery 32. There is also shown in Fig. 3 the location of the strap member 26 which can be mounted to the housing member 22 in any conventional manner.

Referring now to Fig. 4, there is shown a sectional side view of the bar code reader 20 of the present invention taken on line 4-4 of Fig. 3 showing the path of the scanning light beam. The light beam 70 emitted from the laser diode member 58 is projected along a first light path at the reflecting mirror portion 42 of the lens member 40 which reflects the light beam towards the mirror portion 44. The mirror portion 44 will reflect the light beam along a second light path which is parallel to and in an opposite direction to the first light path. The light beam 70 projected along the second light path will be collimated by the collimator lens portion 48 of the lens member 40 and impact on the rotating deflecting mirror member 56 which deflects the light beam outwardly at an acute angle to the second path towards the pattern forming turning

mirror members 66. In response to receiving the light beam deflected by the deflecting mirror member 56, the mirror members 66 will direct the light beams in the form of a multiline pattern (not shown) at a target area in which is located the bar coded label (not shown) that is to be scanned. The positioning of the bar code reader 20 with respect to the bar code label is controlled by the diode member 50 which projects a spot of light on the label. The size of the spot projected with respect to the lines of the scanning pattern determines the focal plane of the projected scanning pattern.

The scattered light beams reflected from the scanned bar coded label are redirected back towards the pattern forming mirror members 66 which reflect the light beams at the deflecting mirror member 56 which in turn deflects the light beams to the collection-mirror portion 46 of the lens member 40. The light beams collected by the collection mirror portion 46 of the lens member 40 will be focused on the photodetector member 60, resulting in the generation of electrical signals representing the coded data located on the bar coded label. In the present application, there are six pattern forming mirror members 66. The electrical signals generated by the photodetector member 60 are transmitted to the microprocessor member 64 (Figs. 2, 6 and 7) which checks and decodes the electrical signals to determine if a valid read operation has occurred. If it has, the transmitter member 62 is enabled by the microprocessor member to transmit the decoded signals to a remote pickup such as a data terminal device (not shown) for use in obtaining the price of the purchased merchandise item scanned by the bar code reader. As part of this operation, the microprocessor member will enable the loudspeaker member 72 (Figs. 6 and 7) to generate a tone signal indicating whether a good read operation had occurred.

Referring now to Fig. 6, there is shown a reduced front view of the bar code reader 20 of the present invention with the lens member 40 and the glass face member 38 removed showing the location of the motor member 52, the deflecting mirror member 56 and the various operating elements of the bar code reader. Mounted within the housing member 22 are the loudspeaker member 72, the transmitter member 62, the microprocessor member 64 and a storage/buffer member 74 which stores the data to be transmitted by the transmitter member 62. Mounted adjacent the motor member 52 is the laser diode member 58 and the photodetector member 60.

Referring now to Fig. 7, there is shown a block diagram of the data processing system employed in the present invention. Included in the data processing system is a scanning assembly 76 which includes the elements of the bar code reader for

generating the scanning pattern and a detecting logic unit which includes the photodetector member 60 for converting the received light beams into electrical signals. Further included in the processing system is the microprocessor member 64 for checking and decoding the signals read by the detecting logic unit and for generating control signals for operating the transmitter member 62 and the loudspeaker member 72 indicating the validity of a scanning operation by the scanning assembly as previously described. Also included in the data processing system is the conventional storage/buffer member 74 for outputting the data signals read by the detecting logic unit of the scanning assembly 76 over line 78 to the transmitter member 62 under the control of the microprocessor member 64, the transmitter member transmitting the data signals to a remote pickup unit (not shown). The microprocessor member 64 is also connected to the battery 32 and the motor member 52 for controlling their operation.

It will be seen that the portable bar code reader of the present invention is easier to use than handheld scanners of the prior art since the multiple line scanning pattern generated by the present invention covers a wider area as compared to the single line scan pattern generated by prior hand-held scanner allowing the reader to be properly positioned adjacent the coded label. Due to its compact construction and its positioning within the palm of the hand, the bar code reader can be easily moved across the coded label.

In a modification, the on/off switch may be mounted along the perimeter of the reader for actuation by the tip of the operator's finger.

Claims

- 1. A hand-held optical scanner for reading coded symbols, characterized by:
- a disk-shaped housing member (22) whose configuration enables the housing member (22) to be positioned within the palm of the hand of an operator; light projecting means (42,44,56,58,66) mounted within the housing member (22) for projecting scanning light beams at coded symbols positioned adjacent the housing member; securing means (26) secured to the housing member (22) for securing the housing member (22) to the hand of the operator; and switch means (30) mounted on an outside surface of the housing member adjacent the hand of the operator when the hand is engaged by said securing means for enabling the optical scanner to be operated when actuated.
- 2. A optical scanner according to, claim 1, characterized in that said light projecting means includes; a source (58) of a scanning light beam

mounted in said housing member (22) for projecting the light beam along a first path; an optical member (40) mounted in said housing member and in said first path for deflecting the light beam along a second path which is opposite in direction to said first path; drive means (52) mounted in said housing member (22) and in said second path including support means (54) adapted for rotation by operation of said drive means; deflecting means (56) mounted on said support means (54) and positioned in said second path for defecting the light beam along a plurality of third paths which extend at an acute angle to said second path; and reflecting means (66) mounted in said housing member and in said third paths for reflecting the light beams in a scanning direction to form a scanning pattern for scanning the coded symbols.

3. An-optical scanner according to claim 2, characterized by a detector member (60) mounted in said housing member (22) adjacent said drive means (52) for generating electrical signals in response to receiving light beams of varying intensity, said optical member (40) including collecting means (46) for collecting the light beams reflected from the scanned coded symbols and for focusing the reflected light beams on the detector member (60).

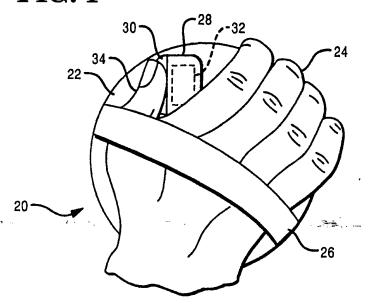
- 4. An optical scanner according to claim 3, characterized by processing means (64) mounted in said housing member (22) for decoding the electrical signals generated by said detector member (60) and for verifying the validity of the reading of the coded symbols.
- 5. An optical scanner according to claim 4, characterized by transmitter means (62) mounted in said housing member (22) and coupled to said processing means (64) for transmitting the signals decoded by the processing means (64) to a remote pickup in response to the processing means (64) verifying the validity of the reading of the coded symbols.
- 6. An optical scanner according to claim 5, characterized by a loudspeaker (72) mounted in said housing member (22) and coupled to said processing means (64) for generating a tone signal indicating the occurrence of a valid read operation in response to the processing means (64) verifying the validity of the reading of the coded symbols.
- 7. An optical scanner according to claim 1, characterized in that said housing member (22) includes a housing extension (28) protruding from an outside surface of the housing member (22), said switch means (30) being slidably mounted within the housing extension for actuation by the hand of the checkout operator when positioned adjacent the housing extension (28).
- 8. An optical scanner according to claim 7, characterized by a power source (32) mounted in said

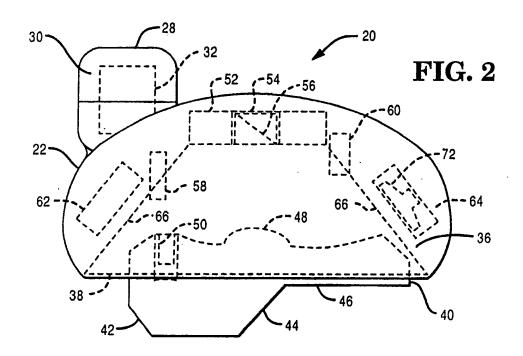
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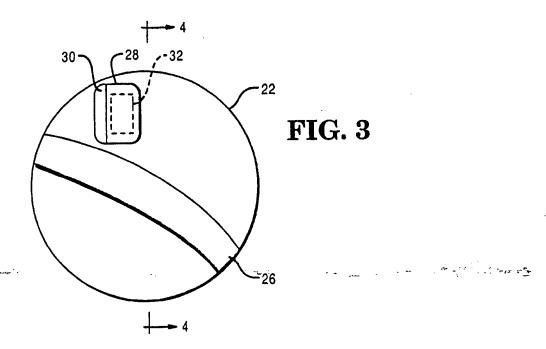
housing extension (28) and enabled by the actuation of said switch means (30) to operate said scanner.

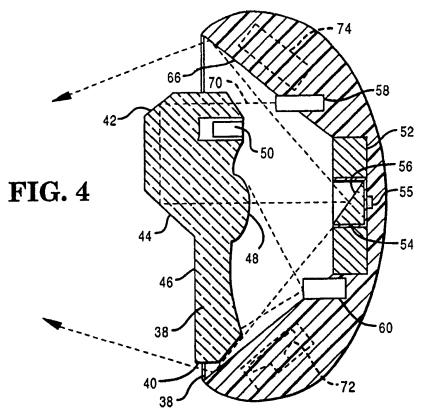
9. An optical scanner according to claim 6, characterized by storage means (74) mounted in said housing member and connected to said processing means (64) and said transmitter means (62) for temporarily storing the decoded data outputted by the processing means (64) which data is to be transmitted to the transmitter means (62) for transmission to the remote pickup.

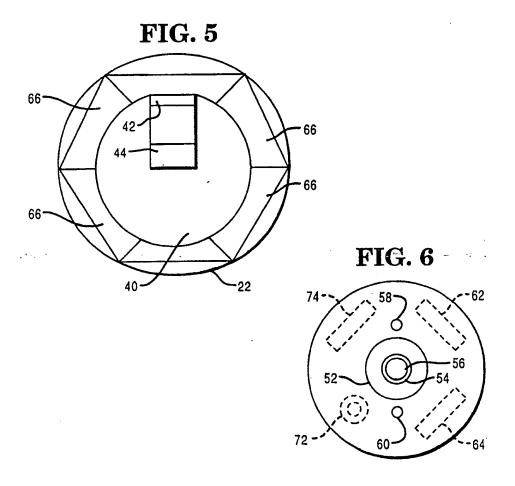
FIG. 1

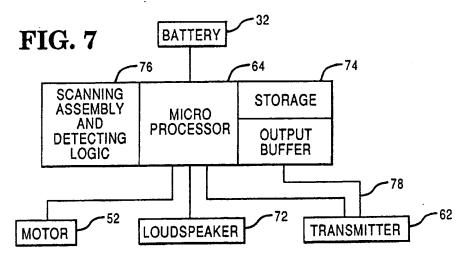












EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 90 30 9055

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Category		ith Indication, where appropriate, evant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. CI.5)
Y,A	DE-U-8 712 320 (TA TRII * pages 3 - 4; claims 1-3; fi		1,7,2-3	G 06 K 7/10
Y	US-A-4 766 299 (TIERNE * abstract; claims 1-3; figur line 9 *	EY ET AL.) es 1-3 * * column 1 - column 2,	1,7	
Α	US-A-4 699 447 (HOWAF * abstract; claims 1-20; figu line 57 *	ires 1-3 * * column 1 - column 2,	1-3	
Α	US-A-3 826 900 (MOELL) * abstract; claims 1-2; figure	 ERING) e 1 * * column 1, lines 4 - 56 *	1-5	e vee
Α	US-A-4 678 288 (LONSDA * abstract; claims 1-23; figu 45 *	ALE ET AL.) ires * * column 1 - column 2, line	1-3,7-8	
				TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. CI.5)
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